

Everyone Covered, No One Left Out—Regardless of Immigration Status

Undocumented Californians are explicitly and unjustly excluded from accessing and purchasing health care coverage plans through Covered California, the state’s marketplace established under the federal Affordable Care Act (ACA). **Assembly Bill 4 (Arambula)** would address this exclusion by taking the first step toward allowing undocumented Californians to buy health plans through Covered California. Specifically, AB 4 authorizes Covered California to establish a parallel marketplace that will offer the same Qualified Health Plans to undocumented Californians. The bill also sets the precedent for providing state-based affordability assistance for undocumented individuals in future years.

Past Progress and the Current Problem

Over the last several years, California has made significant progress in removing immigration status as an eligibility exclusion in Medi-Cal. Income-eligible children under the age of 18, young adults ages 19 to 25, and older adults ages 50 and above are eligible for Medi-Cal, regardless of immigration status. Beginning January 1, 2024, adults ages 26-49—the final group of ineligible undocumented Californians—became eligible to access health care coverage under Medi-Cal.

Medi-Cal is a means tested program, available to those below a certain income limit. Californians without employer-based coverage who make too much for Medi-Cal are able to purchase a health care plan on Covered California and receive affordability assistance to help pay for the plan. However, undocumented Californians who earn more than the Medi-Cal income threshold are explicitly and unjustly excluded by the ACA from purchasing plans on exchanges like Covered California—even using their own money—or from receiving federally funded affordability assistance.

The Population

The UC Berkeley Labor Center estimates that by 2024, there will be 2.57 million Californians who remain uninsured.ⁱ Of those, 520,000 would otherwise be eligible to purchase plans on Covered California if not for their documentation status. The Labor Center also estimates that there are an additional 110,000 undocumented individuals who pay the full cost of health care plans on the private market but would otherwise be able to purchase coverage on Covered California.ⁱⁱ The regional breakdown of the population of California residents who are undocumented, uninsured, and ineligible for Medi-Cal can be seen in the table to the right. More demographic details about the population are presented in Figure 3 of the UC Berkeley Labor Center’s latest brief, [California’s Uninsured in 2024: Medi-Cal expands to all low-income adults, but half a million undocumented Californians lack affordable coverage options.](#)

Californians who are undocumented, uninsured, ineligible for Medi-Cal, & without an offer of affordable job-based coverage, 2024

Region	Population
Northern CA & Sacramento	20,000
Greater Bay Area	80,000
Central Coast	50,000
San Joaquin, Central Valley, Eastern, Kern	50,000
Los Angeles	190,000
Inland Empire	50,000
Orange	50,000
San Diego	40,000

Source: UCB-UCLA CalSIM version 3.51

For 2023, the income threshold for Medi-Cal is 138% of the poverty level. Of the population who are undocumented and uninsured, with incomes above this Medi-Cal threshold, 190,000 of them have incomes at or below 250% of the FPL (\$33,975 for an individual and \$69,375 for a family of four).iii, iv This indicates that a significant number of these households are still low-income and just barely above the income cutoff for Medi-Cal eligibility. The full cost of private coverage on the individual market is completely out of reach for this population.

Furthermore, over 70% of undocumented Californians are in mixed status families. Covered California should be a one-stop shop to help the whole family get coverage, rather than to turn away parents or other family members that it is unable to serve.

The Solution

AB 4 would take the first step in seeking to include all Californians regardless of their immigration status within our health care system, Covered California. In doing so, over half a million California residents would finally have access to all health care options, and our system will be set up to provide affordability assistance in the future. AB 4 helps build a more universal, efficient, and equitable health care system for all who call California home. Health care is a human right, and our health system is stronger when everyone is covered.

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- i. Dietz, Miranda and Laurel Lucia, et al. March 2023. "California's Uninsured in 2024: Medi-Cal expands to all low-income adults, but half a million undocumented Californians lack affordable coverage options." UC Berkeley Labor Center.
 - ii. Dietz, Miranda and Laurel Lucia, et al. March 2023. "California's Uninsured in 2024: Medi-Cal expands to all low-income adults, but half a million undocumented Californians lack affordable coverage options." UC Berkeley Labor Center.
 - iii. Dietz, Miranda and Laurel Lucia, et al. March 2023. "California's Uninsured in 2024: Medi-Cal expands to all low-income adults, but half a million undocumented Californians lack affordable coverage options." UC Berkeley Labor Center.
 - iv. Covered California. "Program Eligibility by Federal Poverty Level for 2023"